## Document 1

- 1. What aspects of China make people say that Mandarin could be the next global language? Its economic rise
- 2. Quote 1 sentence that shows that Mandarin has no chance to be a global language. "The odds against a Chinese dialect ever gaining traction as an international language are formidable" (I.9)
- 3. In your own words, list the 3 reasons why Mandarin is not a threat to English. It is a very difficult language to learn, it is not spoken everywhere in China, and some countries are not happy to see China as a superpower so they don't want to speak its language.
- 4. TRUE or FALSE. Answer and quote.
  - a. Brazil is worried about Mandarin as a global language. FALSE "Indeed, resistance to any claim the Chinese language may have for global status may be strongest in the country's own neighbourhood, where nations are nervous about China's intentions" (I.13-14)
  - b. China's neighbours want America as the main power in the world. TRUE "[They] are far more comfortable with America than with China as regional superpower." (I.14-15)
- 5. In your own words, explain why Mandarin could be helpful. It could be helpful because when you trade with a country or travel in a country it is better to know some words to understand the culture, or to make a good impression or to not get lost.

## **Document 2**

- 6. What are the two kinds of Latin? What are the differences between them? Classical (written) and Vulgar (spoken) one didn't change, the other transformed and formed new languages.
- 7. What is Singlish? A mixed language formed of English and the language of Singapore.
- 8. TRUE or FALSE. Answer and quote.
  - a. The government of Singapore wants to make Singlish one of its official languages. FALSE "Despite the Singaporean government's attempts to promote the use of Standard British English [...] the mixed language known as "Singlish" remains the variety spoken on the street and in the home." (I.24-26)
  - b. A majority of people around the world today use American English instead of British English. TRUE "Today the largest concentration of native speakers is in the US and the influence of US English can be heard throughout the world" (I.28-29)
  - c. Facebook, WhastsApp or Twitter, for example, are responsible for the creation of new words. TRUE "The fast-changing world of social media is also responsible for the coining and spreading of neologisms or "new words"." (I.33-34)
- 9. What are the differences between American English and British English? The way it is pronounced, the way is spelled, the vocabulary.
- 10. In your own words, give 3 influences of the internet on English. People pay less attention to their spelling, the rules of punctuation are not respected and new words are created.
- 11. In your own words, give 3 aspects of the future of English. There will be different kinds of Englishes, American English will be predominant and there will be more abbreviations and acronyms.