Social Annotation

THE LOVE SONG OF J. ALFRED PRUFROCK 2175 And seeing that it was a soft October night, Curled once about the house, and fell asleep. And indeed there will be time? I ch Ardrew B For the yellow smoke that slides along the street, Rubbing its back upon the windowpanes; There will be time, there will be time To prepare a face to meet the faces that you meet; There will be time to murder and create. And time for all the works and days of hands4 That lift and drop a question on your plate: Time for you and time for me, And time yet for a hundred indecisions, And for a hundred visions and revisions. Before the taking of a toast and tea. In the room the women come and go Talking of Michelangelo.

Presented by: Patti Kingsmill

Pedagogical Support

& Innovation, Vanier College

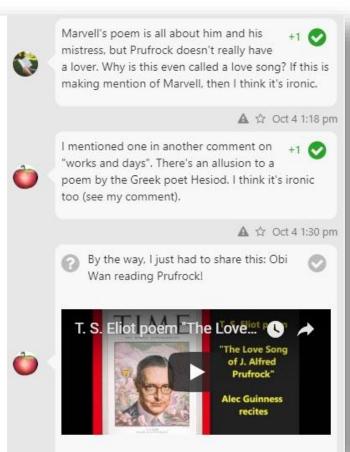


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In the room the women come and go Talking of Michelangelo.

And indeed there will be time To wonder, "Do I dare?" and, "Do I dare?" Time to turn back and descend the stair,



Marginalia

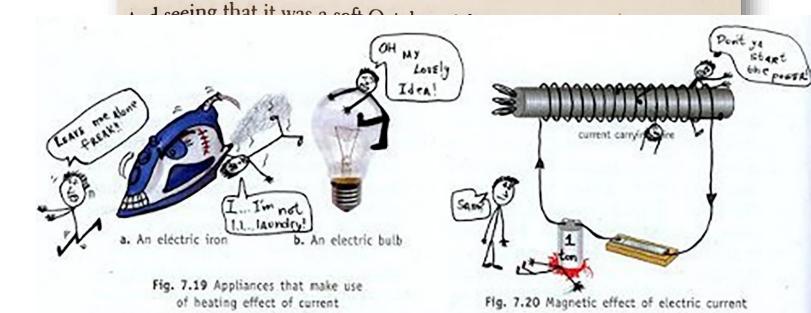
The marking-up of a text by

THE LOVE SONG OF J. ALFRED PRUFROCK

2175

- Underlining
- Highlighting
- Writing
- Drawing

A key tool in when engaging with a text.



- Electric iron—An electric iron consists of a heating filament made of nichrome wire.
 Nichrome is an alloy of nickel and chromium and it has a high resistance and a high melting point. It can, therefore, generate a large amount of heat without melting.
 - Electric bulb—An electric bulb contains a coiled filament made of tungsten. Tungsten

Mechanical effect of electric current

Flow of electric current through a conductor can cause movement in the conductor provided the conductor lies between the poles of a magnet (or a magnetic field) and it is free to move there. This is called mechanical effect of current.

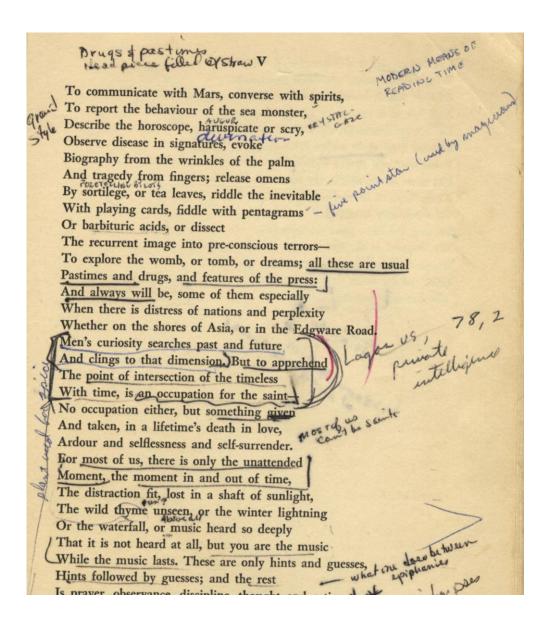
Reading: typically a solitary activity



Reading's Social Dimension



Reading's Social Dimension



Reading's Social Dimension



Social Annotation

Takes place in a digital environment.

Multiple readers can engage closely with content...

...and each other.

Collaborative learning can result.

International Journal of Information and Education Technology, Vol. 5, No. 8, August 2015

Assessment of Asynchronous Online Discussions for a Constructive Online Learning Community

Ping An Wang, Senior Member, IACSIT

Abstract—This paper proposes a new Online Learning Community Model for asynchronous online discussions (AODs) adapted from the Community of Inquiry Model. The new model highlights Assessment Presence as a new element interacting with and affecting student learning and the elements of Cognitive Presence, Social Presence, and Teaching Presence. An assessment rubric for AODs used for three graduate Cybersecurity technology classes is examined. The data and observations on student performance in AODs and student perceptions on the online learning environment indicate an effective and positive role of the rubric and assessment element in building a constructive online learning community.

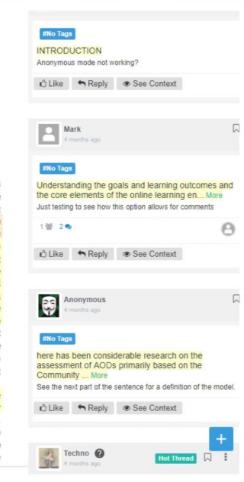
Index Terms—Assessment, asynchronous online discussion, online learning community, rubric.

I. INTRODUCTION

Online learning has become a realistic and significant component of higher education and shown a fast and steady trend of growth. The latest report on tracking online education in the United States shows that over 7 million college students were taking at least one online course (with at least 80% of course content delivered online) in fall 2012.

topics [7]. Assessment of students' learning in AODs is important in motivating students' collaborative online learning and improving their cognitive and critical thinking learning outcomes [2], [3]. There has been considerable research on the assessment of AODs primarily based on the Community of Inquiry model, which states that online learning process occurs in a community of interaction among the three core elements of Cognitive Presence (knowledge exchange), Social Presence (encouraging collaboration), and Teaching Presence (instructional management) [8], [9]. In terms of learning outcomes, online discussions should enable learners to comprehend, critique, and construct knowledge [10]. The research question for this paper is if an assessment rubric can help to build and maintain a constructive Community of Inquiry type of online asynchronous discussion environment to enhance online learning

It is quite challenging for instructors to create effective online assessment instrument and grading rubrics, especially for assessing AODs for graduate level students [11], [12]. The goal of this study is to analyze and discuss the assessment rubric for AODs used at a US university graduate program and its contributions to the core elements of the



Improved technology

= improved learning experience











Social Annotation

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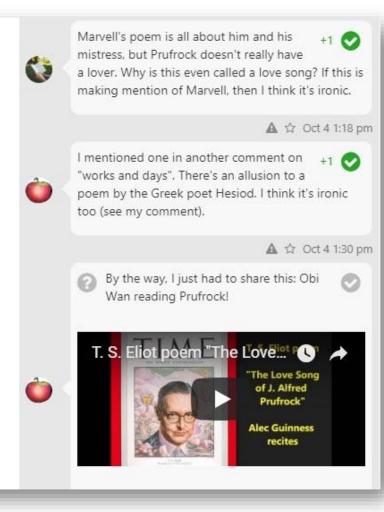
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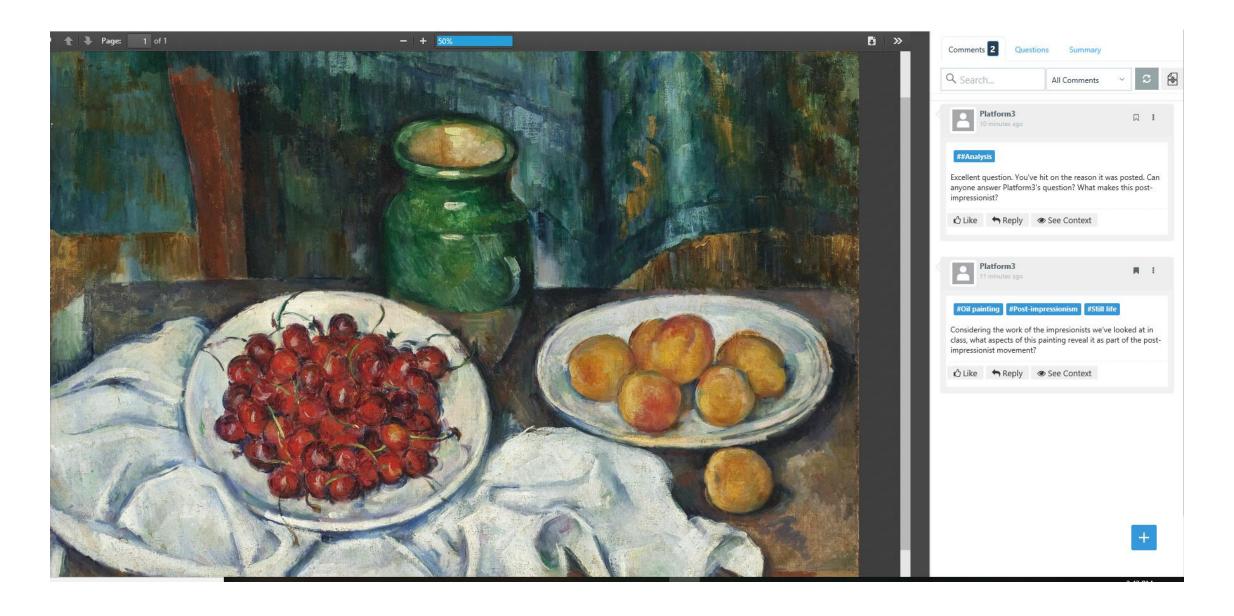
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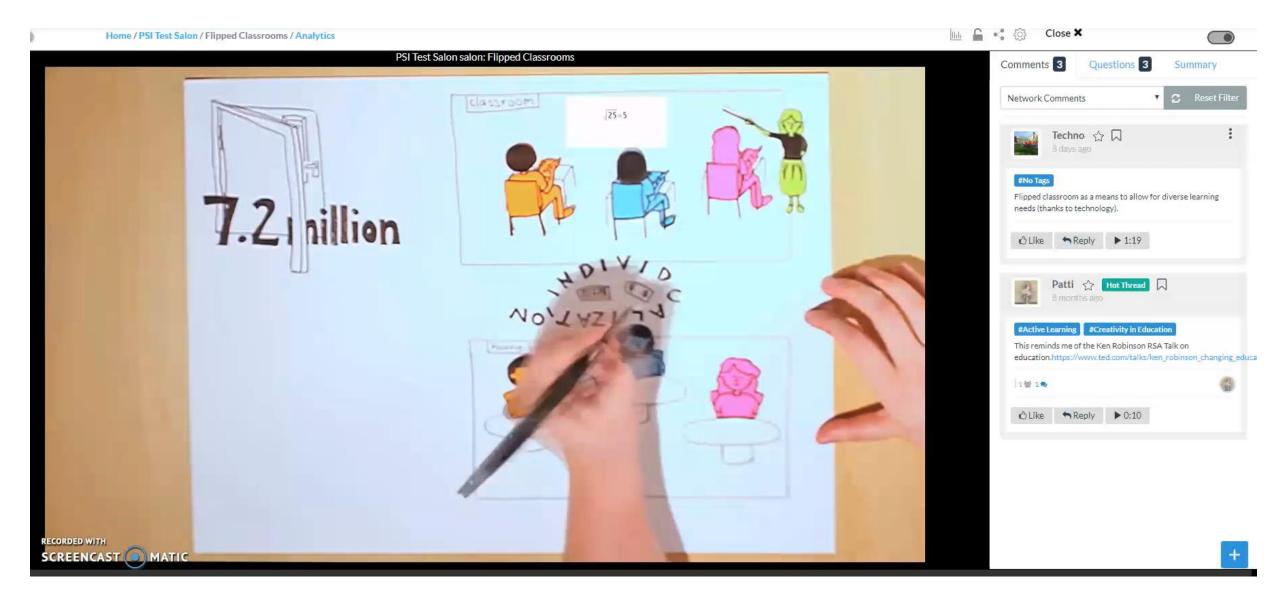


- Highlighting
- Commenting
- Discussion
- Linking

Image Annotation

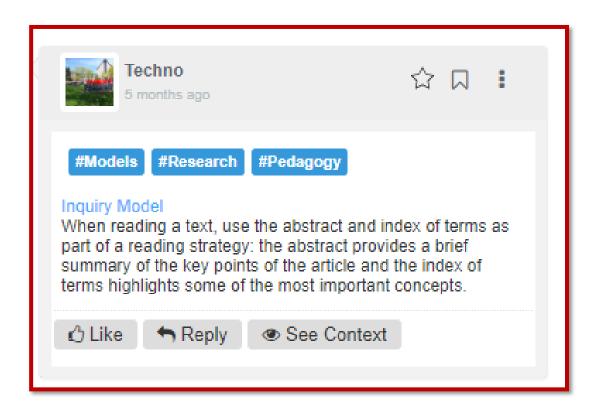


Video Annotation

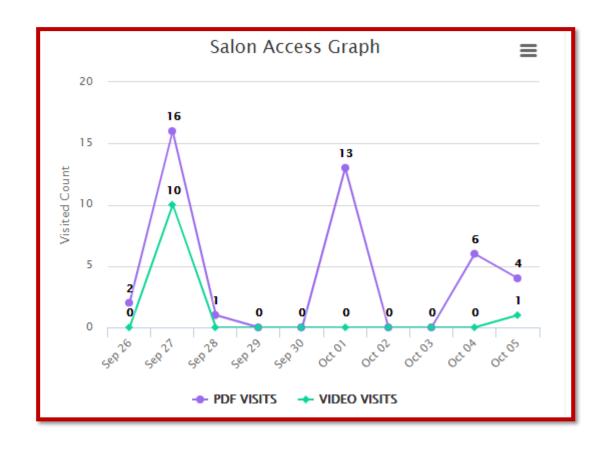


Social Annotation

Tagging



Analytics



The Effectiveness of Social Annotation

The Juvenile Delinquency/ Comic Book Panic of the 1950s

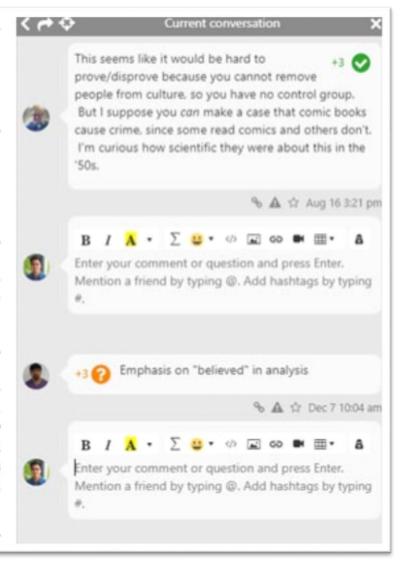
James Gilbert, University of Maryland, College Park

Central Question

To what extent did culture, in the form of comic books, influence juvenile delinquency rates in the 1950s?

Learning Objective

The goal of this unit is to consider how a worried generation of parents, experts, and government officials thought about the relationship between violence in the media and juvenile delinquency. The primary source documents will show why a great many Americans believed that culture caused crime, as well as the arguments against this assumption. They also will suggest how the comics industry answered its critics by instituting self-censorship.

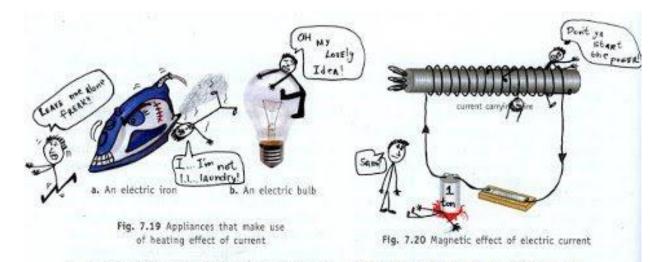


Types of Teacher Annotation

- Modelling close or active reading
- Creating a glossary of key terms
- Elucidating difficult passages
- Highlighting key concepts
- Asking questions to deepen understanding
- Providing context or background

Types of Student Annotation

- Creating a glossary of key terms/concepts
- Close reading
- Rhetorical reading
- Highlighting important passages
- Note-taking
- Creative responses



 Electric iron—An electric iron consists of a heating filament made of nichrome wire.
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Mechanical effect of electric current

Flow of electric current through a conductor can cause movement in the conductor provided the conductor lies between the poles of a magnet (or a magnetic field) and it is free to move there. This is called mechanical effect of current.

Types of Student Annotation

- Sharing an opinion (N.B. quiet students often "gain" a voice.)
- Reading the opinions of peers
- Asking questions and receiving answers to deepen understanding
- Cross-referencing or linking with other works/sources/media
- Etc.

Integrating Social Annotation into a Course

Determine

- Your instructional goals: what should students learn?
- Which platform can best help achieve those goals



Examples of Instructional Goals

- To ascertain how much and what students are reading.
- To develop students' close reading strategies.
- To improve students understanding of key concepts.
- To develop students' ability to read textbooks analytically.

Examples of Instructional Goals

- To develop students' ability to debate issues in a discourse.
- To develop students ability to work through difficult passages.
- To help students recognize that a variety of interpretations of are possible.

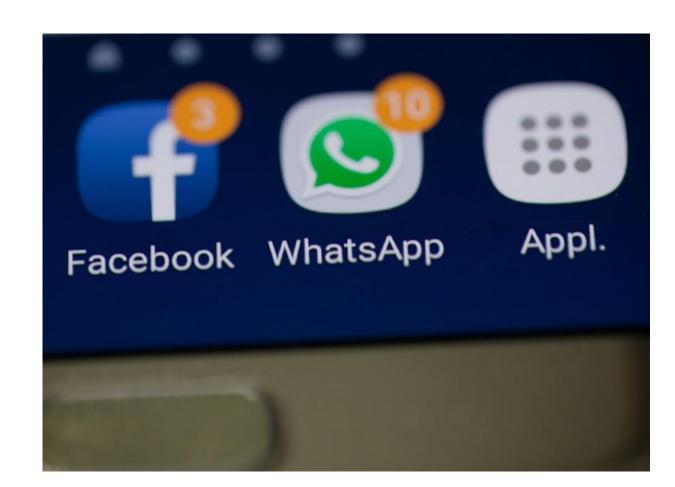
Integrating Social Annotation into a Course

- 4. What activities will students do to gain this learning?
- 5. How will the activities be structured (individual vs. group)
- 6. Will the activities be summative or formative?
- 7. By what criteria will you assess student learning?



A Caveat

- Research shows mobile devices, social media, and multitasking can hinder academic performance
- Multi-tasking come with switching costs
- Don't be afraid to encourage both analog and digital work.



Sample Social Annotation Rubric

	Excellent	Good	Fair	Poor
	5-4.5 pts	4.25-3.75 pts	3.5-3 pts	< 3 pts
Content	All commenting requirements (as listed in the checklist) are fulfilled.	The majority of commenting requirements (as listed in the checklist) are fulfilled.	At least 60% of commenting requirements (as listed in the checklist) are fulfilled.	Less than 60% of commenting requirements (as listed in the checklist) are fulfilled.
	Comments	Comments	Comments	Comments
	 Accurately refer to, and discuss specific details in the text or a classmate's comment(s). Initiate and respond to stimulating discussion about the discourse and its concepts. Make clear connections between the discourse and course content. Responds constructively, insightfully to questions or perceived misunderstandings. Provide evidence for any agreement or disagreement expressed. Offer an alternative analysis when disagreeing with a point. 	 Refer to, and discuss details in the text or a classmate's comment(s). Initiate or respond to discussions about the discourse and its concepts. Make connections between the discourse and course content. Responds helpfully to questions posed or perceived misunderstandings. Mostly provide evidence for agreements or disagreements expressed. Offer some reasons when disagreeing with a point. 	 Refer vaguely to the text or a classmate's comment(s), occasionally offering a few specific details. Respond to discussions about the discourse and its concepts but mostly in a superficial way. Occasionally make connections between the discourse and course content. Sometimes answer questions or responds to perceived misunderstandings but not always in a helpful way. Occasionally provide evidence for agreements or disagreements expressed. Occasionally offers a reason for disagreeing with a point. 	 Offer few if any specific details relating to the text or a classmate's comment(s). Rarely if ever engage in discussions about the discourse and its concepts, and then only superficially. Rarely if ever make connections between the discourse and course content. Rarely if ever answer questions or respond to perceived misunderstandings, and then in an unhelpful way. Do not provide evidence for agreements or disagreements expressed. Rarely, if ever, offer a reason for disagreeing with a point.
Written	The written expression	The written expression	The written expression	The written expression
Expression	Is clear and free of errors.	Is mostly clear and free of errors.	Is at times unclear due to errors.	Is unclear due to multiple errors.
	 Is free of texting abbreviations and slang. 	 Is mostly free of texting abbreviations and slang. 	 Includes some texting abbreviations and slang. 	 Includes many texting abbreviations and slang.

Backward Designing an SA Activity

Collaborative Platforms: Guiding Questions for Course Design

Course Title:	Course Number:					
Name of Platform:						
Platform For what purpose(s) do you plan to use an online platform in this course (e.g., curation, collabora discussion, peer comments/review, etc.)?						
Connection to Competency						
Towards which course competencies, or element(s) of a course competency, will the use of platform contribute?						
Learning Outcomes	Ļ					
What main learning outcomes should students achieve after working with this platform (i.e., what will students be able to do to demonstrate their learning after using the platform)? You may find it useful to consider the cognitive level at which you wish students to engage. (See Appendix.)	_	activities students will engag epare to reach their learning				

Collaborative Platforms: Guiding Questions for Course Design

Assessment/Performance Tasks Which learning outcomes will be assessed By what criteria will students' work be (summatively and/or formatively)? assessed? **Learning Activities** How will the learning activities be structured? How will these learning activities prepare (Will students be working individually or in students for assessment? groups?) Support Would you like support in development assessment criteria or rubrics and/or in developing structured learning activities?

Tips on Adopting a New Platform

- Take the time to get to know the platform yourself.
- Start simple. You can use more features as you become more familiar with them.
- Demonstrate to students the features you want them to use.

Tips on Adopting a New Platform

- Refer students to Help tools.
- Check in with students: are they encountering difficulties?
 Are they using the features you've decided are necessary?
 (tagging, commenting, linking, etc.)

Introducing Three SA Platforms





Perusall

Hypothes.is



Non-profit, open-source, browser-based platform

- Adds an interactive <u>discussion layer</u> to the net (including video and images)
- Requires a browser plug-in (if not used within an LMS)
- Simple interface
- Privacy controls (take personal notes, comment in groups, or with the public)
- Now available on Vanier's Moodle!

Hypothes.is



- Resources include guides for teachers and students @ <u>https://web.hypothes.is/education/</u>
 https://web.hypothes.is/teacher-resource-guide/
- Readers can add links and images to comments.
- From Dashboard
 - View comments
 - Navigate directly to comment's context.
 - Filter comments by user, tag, etc.

Classroom Salon



Browser-based platform

Began as Carnegie Mellon project on how users interpret content

- Dashboard environment
- Media Repository (text, video, images in PDF form)
- User permissions (individual & group work)
- Salon management
- Media Manager (assign, set tags, ask questions, provide answers, choose mode)

Classroom Salon



- Analytics
- Salon creation (for all users)
- Option to follow users
- Notifications

Classroom Salon



- Text & comment tagging
- Summaries
- Comment filtering (via tags or users)
- Sharing of media with URL
- Help features (manual and "Learn to use Classroom Salon" salon)

Perusall

Browser-based platform

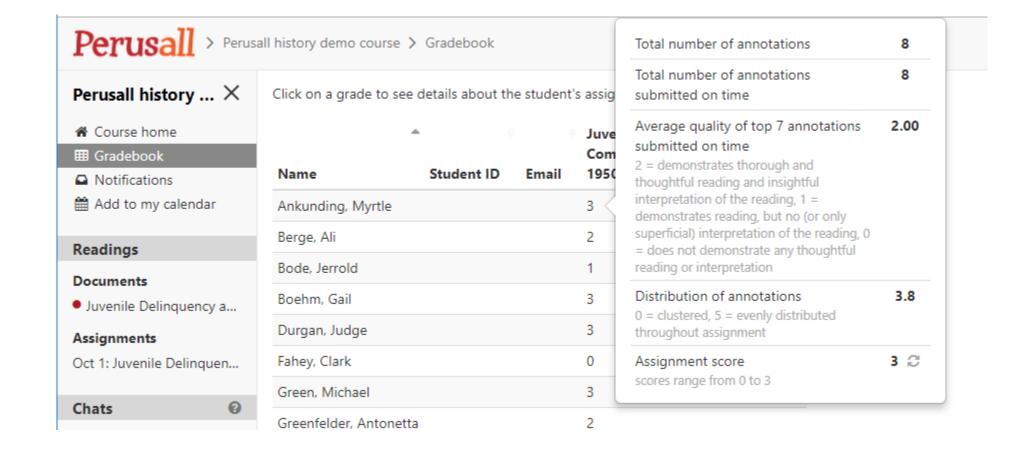
- LMS (more features than Classroom Salon)
- Automatic grading of assignments (with 15 + students)
- Private chat
- Comment starring
- Variety of features in comments

Perusall

- Comment filtering (for faster searches)
- Comment flagging for plagiarism
- Copying of thread links for sharing
- Anonymous commenting option
- "Liking"/checking of comments (similar to FB likes)
- Group options (automatic or manual)

Perusall

Automatic Grading for quality of annotations





COLLABORATIVE PLATFORMS FOR CURATION AND ANNOTATION

REVIEWS PRESENTED BY THE PEDAGOGICAL SUPPORT AND INNOVATION OFFICE

OVERVIEW TABLE

Hover over or click underlined glossary terms to view their definitions.

PLATFORM		FUNCTIONS	AESTHETICS	OVERALL RATING
CS	CLASSROOM SALON	 Synchronous collaboration Analytics Annotation Content-sharing Curation Discussion 		****
	CLIPIX	 Synchronous collaboration Annotation Content-sharing Curation Discussion 		**

Thank you!

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