

Name :	3D	May 2022
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SEQ Irish legends

/20

CE/ Comprendre la trame narrative d'un récit	I	F	BM	TBM
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Lis le texte attentivement puis corrige les phrases ci-dessous : attention, elles sont toutes fausses !

1) Souligne l'erreur dans la phrase (1pt) (un mot, un groupe nominal, un verbe, un adjectif, une date, un sentiment, un animal, un lieu, une action, une atmosphère...)

2) Corrige l'erreur en citant le texte (1pt) (et en donnant la ligne !)

a. The story takes place around Christmas time. (l'histoire a lieu autour de Noël) →	/2
b. A young man decided to go fishing by a lake because it was a beautiful summer day. (un jeune homme décida d'aller pêcher sur un lac car c'était une belle journée d'été) →	/2
c. As he was walking, he was happy. (Alors qu'il marchait, il était heureux) →	/2
d. On his way, he met a tiny black dog. (Sur le chemin, il rencontra un minuscule chien noir) →	/2
e. Then he met a small British lion. (Puis il rencontra un petit lion britannique) →	/2
f. These animals seemed benevolent. (Ces animaux semblait bienveillants) →	/2
g. The man went back home. (l'homme rentra chez lui) →	/2
h. The deer won the fight against the ram. (Le cerf remporta le combat contre le bélier) →	/2
i. The ram was real. (le bélier était réel) →	/2
Réponds à la question ► How many animals do the man meet in the story ? (combien d'animaux l'homme rencontre-t-il dans l'histoire) Ecris-les : 	/2

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2) Corrige l'erreur en citant le texte (1pt) (et en donnant la ligne !)

a. The story takes place around Christmas time. →	/2
b. A young man decided to go fishing by a lake because it was a beautiful summer day. →	/2
c. As he was walking, he was happy. →	/2
d. On his way, he met a tiny black dog. (<i>tiny = minuscule</i>) →	/2
e. Then he met a small British lion. →	/2
f. These animals seemed benevolent. (<i>seem = sembler</i>) →	/2
g. The man went back home. →	/2
h. The deer won the fight against the ram. (<i>deer = cerf / ram = bélier</i>) →	/2
i. The ram was real. →	/2
Réponds à la question ► How many animals do the man meet in the story ? <u>Ecris-les :</u>	/2

THE BEASTS OF TUAMGRANEY FOREST

	Around Halloween, the residents of Tuamgraney avoid a certain wood with good reason. A young man decided, as it was a beautiful autumn day, to go for a walk in these woods.
5	As he wandered* among the trees, a strange sensation came over him, a mixed feeling of fear and immense sadness. Suddenly, a movement in the bushes* caught his eye seeing a huge black dog. The dog stared* at him with large fiery red eyes before disappearing.
	Turning round, the man's heart nearly stopped when a large Irish rabbit jumped in front of him, an expression of malevolence equal to the dog's glared out* of its evil red eyes. Fear now coursed through the man's veins as a cat leapt* into view, hissing as its red eyes brimming with malice stared straight at the man, before it retreated silently into the shadows*.
10	Terrified beyond reason, the man would have fled back the way he had come but the ground seemed to move under his feet, so he ran forward to the trees.
15	Stopping abruptly, he realized he was in a clearing* and, with the night approaching, it appeared darker than the forest had been, but he could see two figures. One was a black ram¹ with evil red eyes and enormous horns, the other was an ordinary deer². They appeared to be caught in a struggle, a battle for life and death. Wounded* and tired, the deer fell to its knees. It looked towards the man and cried for help.
	The man suddenly felt courage replace the fear in his heart, so, screaming and brandishing his stick, he rushed towards the ram in an attempt to beat it away. His blows* met with nothing but air and he too fell to the ground in pain. He momentarily blacked out.
20	Walking back home, he told the whole story as though it was a dream until an old uncle confirmed that other people had already met the beasts of Tuamgraney forest making it a place to avoid, even more around Halloween...
1. a ram = un belier / 2. a deer = un cerf ☛ www.yourish.com/folklore/beasts-of-tuamgraney (2017)	

Helping box

► N'hésites pas à :

- lire le texte plusieurs fois et lire les phrases de l'exercice
- surligner les personnages, les lieux, les moments de la journée, etc (*code couleurs*).
- surligner les phrases qui semblent liées à celles de l'exercice

Lexique

wander = walk

a bush = a little tree

stare = look

glare out = shine

leap = jump

shadow = darkness

clearing = place in a forest where there are no trees

wounded = hurt

blows = when you hit someone